### **FREETHS**

# DELIVERING DEVELOPMENT: CHANGES IN ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

**HBF PLANNING CONFERENCE 2017** 

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**Answers** not options...

### **Today**



- Brexit
- Protected species
  - -Planning applications
  - -Natural England licences
- Environmental Impact Assessment
- Air quality



## BREXIT: IMPACTS ON ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

### Influence of EU law on environment



- UK environmental legislation mainly from EU
- European Court caselaw
  - –Key in interpreting the written law
  - -Precautionary approach

### Effects of EU Withdrawal Bill: short term



- Short term
  - -no significant changes likely
  - –existing EU-derived legislation retained (with "corrections")
  - –pre-Brexit European Court caselaw remains binding
  - Supreme Court may depart from pre-Brexit European caselaw

### Effects of EU Withdrawal Bill: long term



- Long term impacts
  - -changes to written law definitely possible
  - -unless prevented by international convention
  - European court caselaw then no longer binding



## PROTECTED SPECIES: POSITIVE CHANGES

### When are protected species a problem?



- Planning applications surveys
- When delivering development getting Natural England licences
- Good news on both fronts!

### Protected species surveys: Non-EIA development



- Non-EIA development
  - –LPA must "have regard to biodiversity"
  - LPA must "have regard to the EU Habitats Directive" so must consider European Protected Species (EPS) (eg bats, GCNs)
- Ideally, conduct protected species surveys in good time - clarity on impacts / mitigation

#### Recent caselaw



- You don't need perfect survey data
- If missed survey season / have limited data?
  - -Presume EPS are present
  - -Make worst-case "guesstimate" of impacts
  - –Grant permission on basis that "there is likely to be space for mitigation"
- Criminal law still applies: will need surveys to avoid criminal law

## After planning: is a NE protected species licence needed?



- After planning
- Do you need a NE licence?
- Licences most difficult for EPS (bats, GCN)

### NE protected species licences



- New flexibility on EPS licences from NE
  - don't have to fence and trap GCN if can offer good compensatory habitat
  - -don't need to provide compensatory habitat on site (can provide it off site)
  - -don't need perfect ecological survey data
- Push boundaries!

### NE protected species licences



- In the long term
- "District licensing" for GCN
  - LPA gets GCN licence from NE
  - Area is zoned for GCN
  - Don't need your own NE licence
  - pay £££ contribution to LPA
- Still get you own licence:
  - -paying more than you need?
  - -prevented from developing in certain zones?

    Answers not options...

### NE protected species licences



- "Must have full planning permission to get a NE protected species licence"
- Really?
- Outline permission only....



## ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT: NEW REQUIREMENTS

### New EIA requirements



- Came into force 16 May 2017
- Requirements more complex
- Front-loading the process

### No changes to EIA thresholds



- No changes to <u>when</u> EIA is required:
  - ->5ha / >150 dwellings / resi with >1ha other urban development
  - <u>−OR</u>
  - -any development in a "sensitive area"
  - -AND
  - –where "likely to have significant environmental effects"

### **EIA** changes



- Complex rules on whether new (2017) EIA Regs or old (2011) Regs apply
- When new rules apply, greater demands on developers in:
  - -EIA screening
  - -Environmental Statements

### New rules on "screening requests"



- More detail on development / impacts
- Particular focus on:
  - emissions / waste
  - use of natural resources
- Can include measures to "avoid or prevent" adverse effects (but not to "reduce or offset")
- Up to 90 day LPA response time where agreed

#### New rules for Environmental Statements



- More topics to consider:
  - detailed baseline and how it would change without the development
  - -major disaster / accident risks
  - reasonable alternatives studied by the developer and reasons for choice including comparison of environmental effects

### **FREETHS**

**AIR QUALITY:** 

PROBLEMS?

### The problem



- NO<sub>2</sub> majority comes from vehicles
- EU limit values exceeded
- Impacts on:
  - -health
  - –protected habitats
- Litigation

### Impacts on habitats



- "European sites" under EU Habitats Directive
- Local plans / planning permission must:
  - -demonstrate "no adverse effect" on sites
  - -taking into account cumulative impacts
  - –unless exception:
    - overriding need; no alternative; and provide compensatory habitat measures

### Impacts on habitats



- Solutions?:
  - Manage European site to address adverse effects but European caselaw
  - -No net increase in vehicles / NO<sub>2</sub>
  - Rely on exception
- A relaxation of requirements with Brexit?

### **FREETHS**

### **ANY QUESTIONS?**

### Contact





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