How do we solve a problem like CIL? A ten point plan

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Community Infrastructure Levy: A short history

- Development Land Tax
- Planning Gain Supplement
- The Barker Review
- CIL
- Exists side by side with "scaled back s106 agreements"



CIL: Problem 1 – Charging Schedule Evidence

- The Problem: Partial evidence base, biased against consultees
- Earlier opportunity to engage before Preliminary Charging Schedules are prepared
- Active consideration of impact on strategic sites
- Clear rationale and understanding of CIL vs. s106 requirements
- More time to respond



CIL: Problem 2: CIL Rate Setting

- The Problem: Rates are set too high, skewing the balance away from "economic viability" towards the funding imperative
- Set rates at realistic level, not the <u>maximum viable level</u>
- Keep Regulation 123 list short funding genuinely strategic infrastructure
- Less disincentivisation of development
- More flexibility in what can then be secured via s106 agreements



CIL: Problem 3: CIL Rate Setting: Differential Rates

- The problem: Double differential rates e.g. for "small" and "large" retail
- Regulation13: "different intended uses of development"
- Requires fine grain viability analysis
- Inconsistency of approach to size thresholds range form 280m2 to 3,000m2
- Rejected as being "arbitrary" in Newark and Sherwood
- Solution: Flat rate CIL, limiting use of differential rates



CIL: Problem 4: Double Payment: Regulation 123 list

- The problem: The draft Regulation 123 emerges too late in the day for proper scrutiny
- Unclear as to what will be funded by CIL and demarcation with "scaled back" s106 Agreements
- The solution: Publish at same time as draft charging schedule to allow for joined up and adequate scrutiny



CIL: Problem 5: Regulation 123: Constraint on delivery of infrastructure

- The problem: Potential overlap between Reg 123 and infrastructure ordinarily required to be delivered through s106
- Impact on the delivery of strategic infrastructure required to make a development acceptable in Reg 122 and EIA terms
- The solution: tightly drawn Reg 123 list and revision to Regulations to allow for works and payment in kind



CIL: Problem 6: s73 applications

- The problem: the grant of a s73 consent creates a chargeable development consent: double counting
- Section 73 is very useful tool in evolving multi-phase developments
- Many developments straddle the period pre and post adoption of Charging Schedule
- Reform required to exclude s73 applications from double charging – save for the additional floorspace created
- But..doesn't deal with slot-in applications



CIL: Problem 7: Regulation 40: Off-setting or tax credit

- The problem: On its face an attractive provision designed to provide credit for existing floorspace – but the hurdle is set too high
- Requires continuous use for a period of 6 months in 12 months preceding the date on which planning permission first permits chargeable development
- Invert requirement so that it is linked to vacancy rather than occupancy – 2 years
- Allow for phased drawdown of credits on a multi-phase scheme



CIL: Problem 8: Phasing of payments

- The problem: CIL does not easily accommodate multiphased schemes
- Requires early phase setting to mitigate against cashflow impact – unnecessarily constraining remaining flexibility in the outline planning permission regime
- Requires detailed phase setting too early removing the inherent benefits of the OPP approach
- The solution: agree CIL Framework or allow calculation at the reserved matters stage



CIL: Problem 9: The commencement of development trigger

- The problem: inclusion of demolition within the definition of commencement of development
- Removes flexibility to seek a different development consent later – the demolition and development phases become an indivisible package
- Further erosion of the flexibility that is required
- The solution: remove demolition from the definition of commencement of development



CIL: Problem 10: Social Housing Relief

- The problem: exclusion of discounted market rent products
- Impact of viability, funding and delivery
- Regulation 49 Condition 1: social rented housing and Condition 2: shared ownership – neither recognise low cost homes for sale or rent – even those that comply with long-term affordability criteria in NPPF
- The solution: amend the Regulations to allow for both forms of tenure/disposal to be captured



CIL: Problem 11: The principle

- The problem: taken together an unworkable package?
- The solution: abolition, coupled with support to adopt a tariff based approach through England and Wales and clearer guidance on the meaning of Regulation 122 and the use of s106 agreements



Reform

- HBF
- BPF and London First
- DCLG Working Party
- October changes to deal with Section 73 applications



Further Guidance

- Out-Law.com
- Fortnightly CIL Tracker
- http://www.out-law.com/en/topics/property/planning/





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